

Wasserstoff/Sauerstoff-Brennstoffzellen für Energiespeicherung und Regelleistung – Einblicke in aktuelle Entwicklungen

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Swiss Hydrogen's Historic Overview

FOUNDED IN 2008 AS A SUBSIDIARY OF
BELENOS / SWATCH GROUP



2011, Belenos presents the first H₂/O₂ fuel cell car and boat

2013, Belenos develops the H₂/air fuel cell systems and integrates it into a Fiat 500



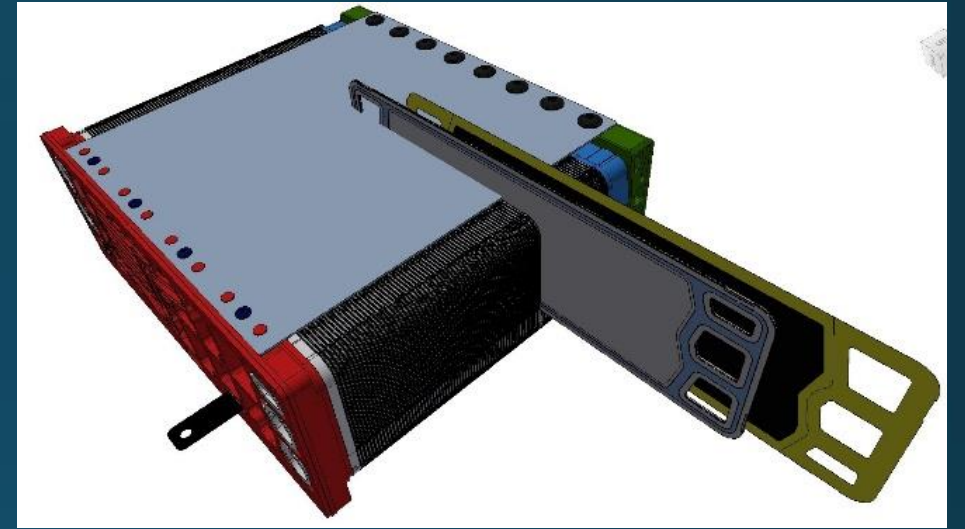
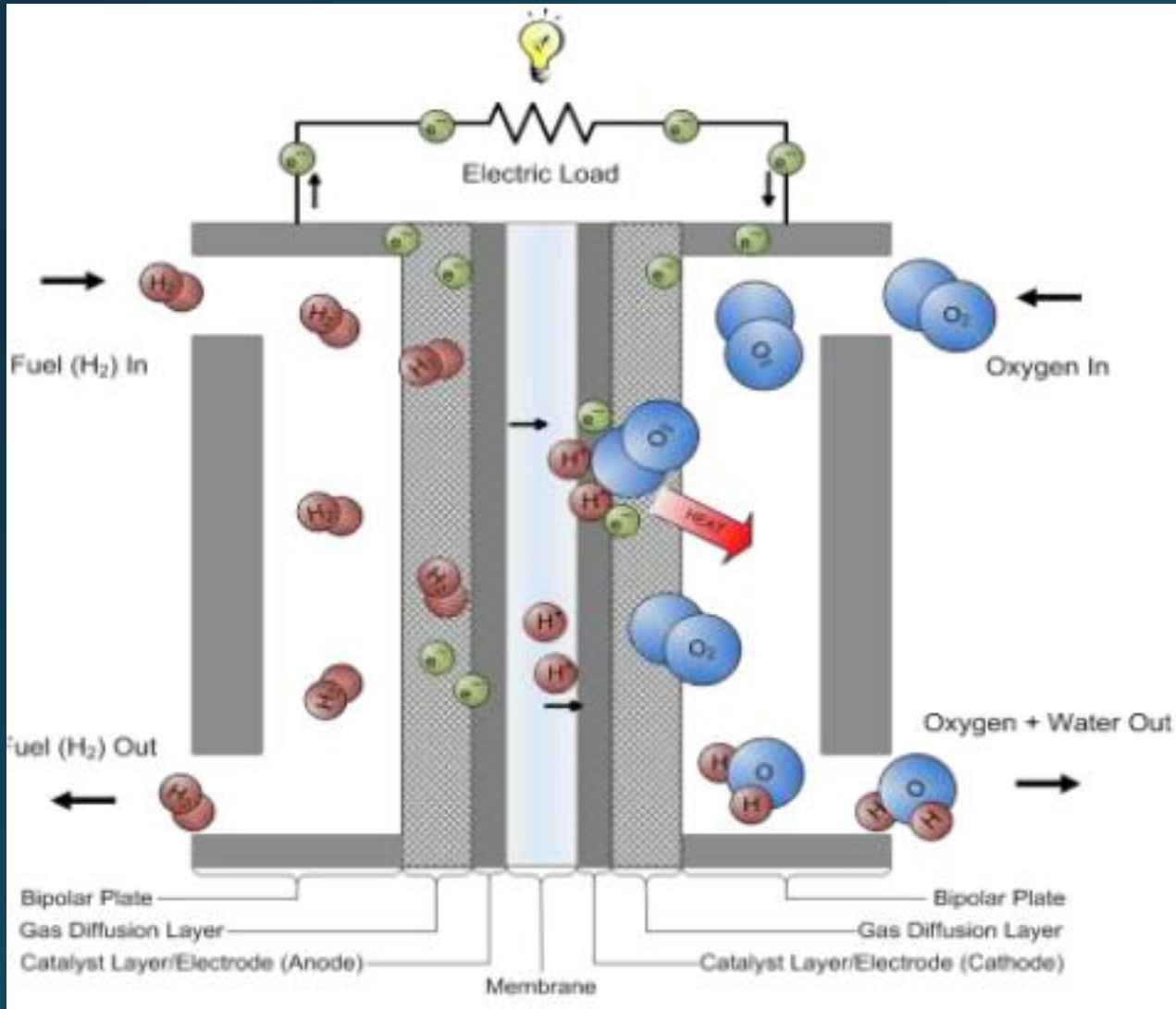
SPIN-OFF FROM SWATCH GROUP
IN 2015 AND RELOCATION IN
FRIBOURG



ACQUISITION BY PLASTIC OMNIUM AND
INTEGRATION INTO NEW ENERGIES SINCE 2018



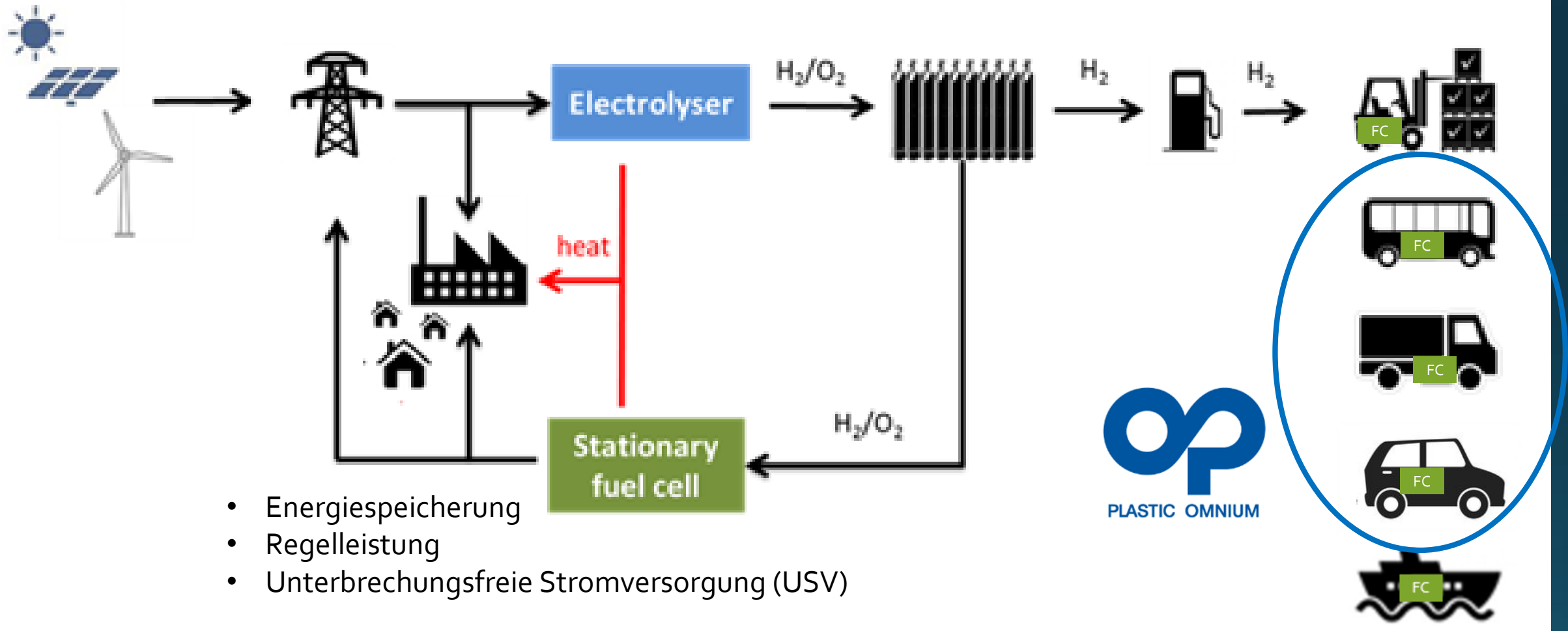
PEM fuel cell – how does it work?



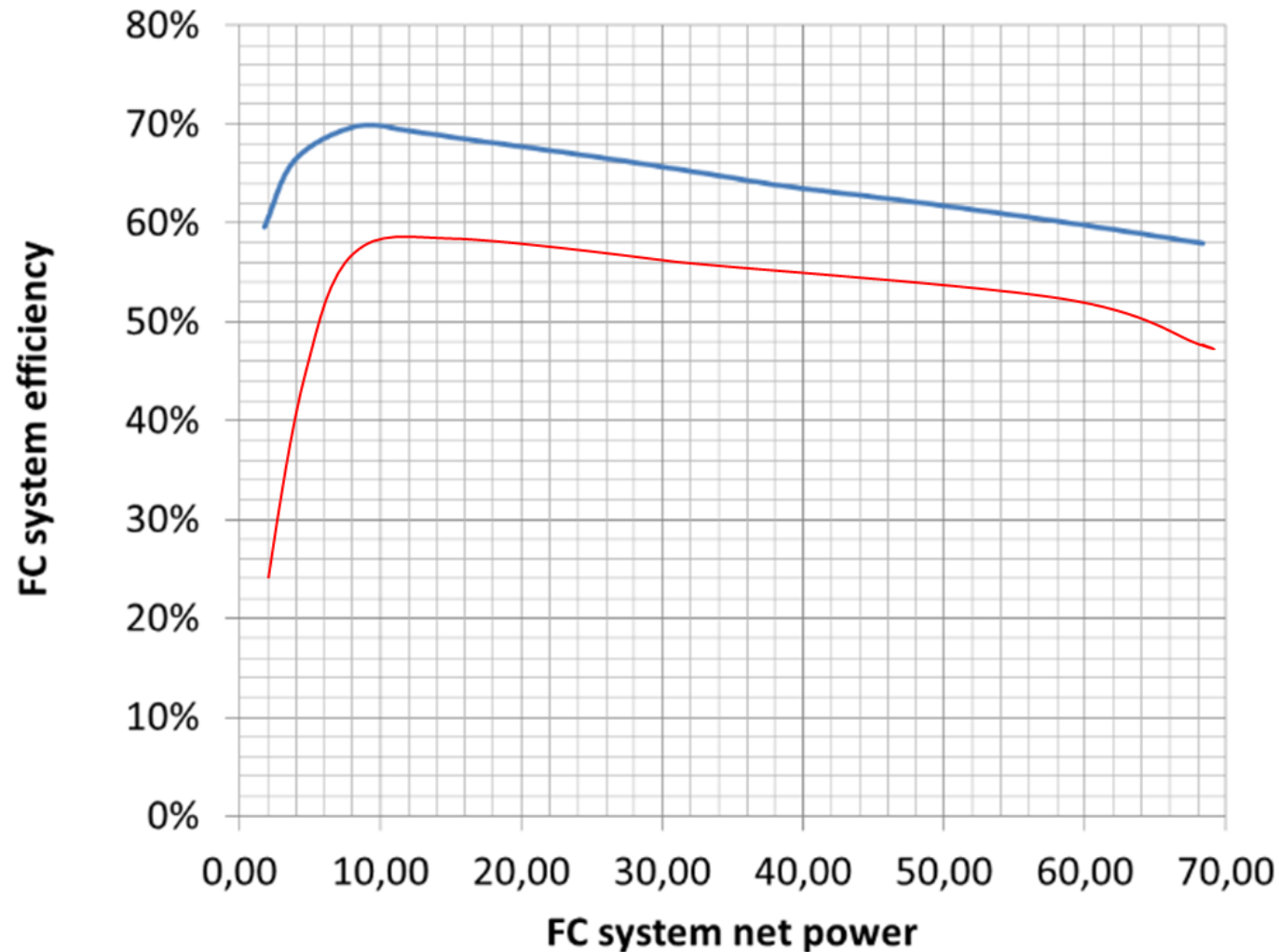
Fuel cell stack: typically 100 to 500 cells
A cell consists of a Membrane Electrode Assembly (MEA) and a Bipolar Plate (BPP)



PEM FC applications



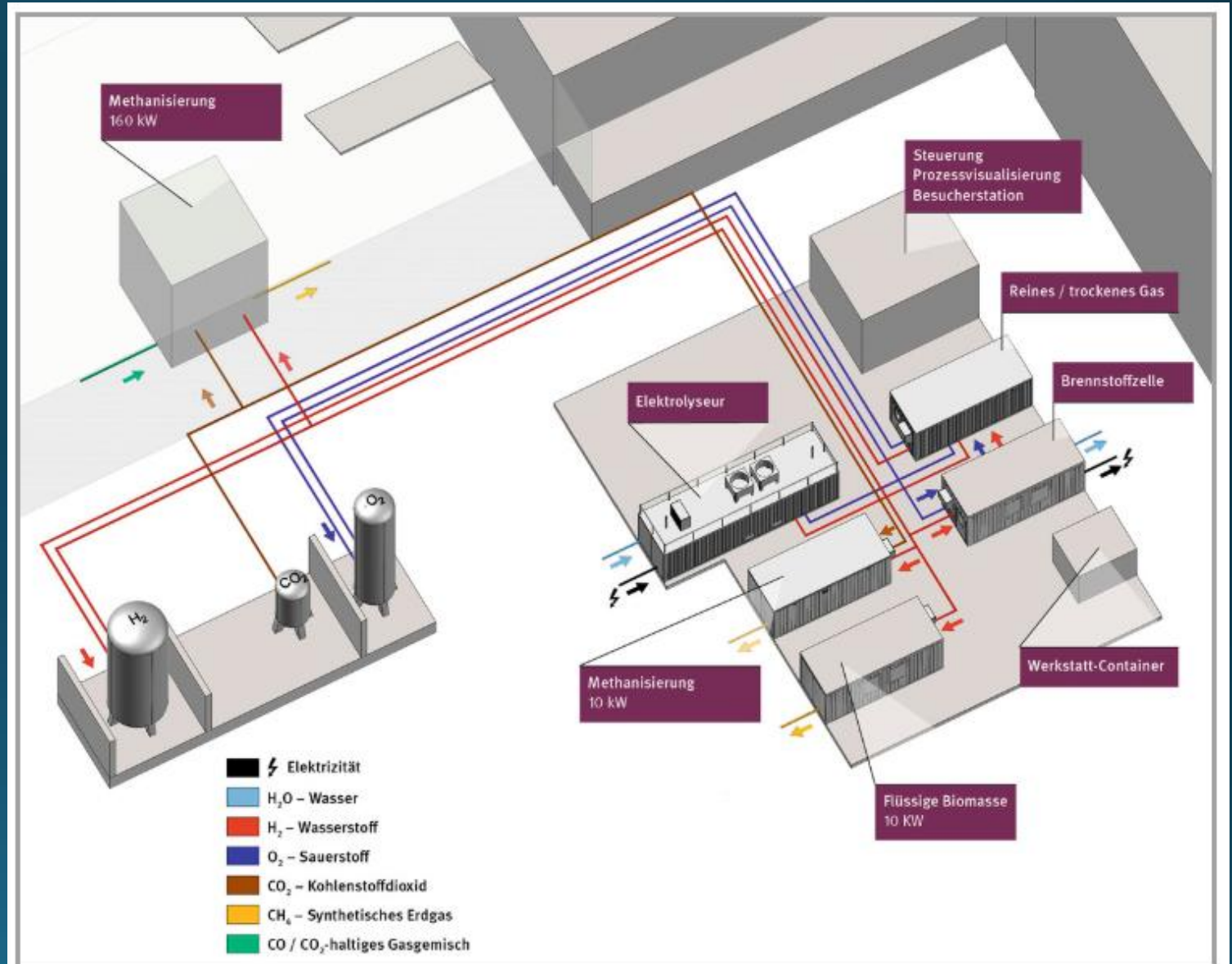
Efficiency advantage for H₂/O₂ fuel cell system



The H₂/O₂ FC system as installed in the ESI platform (blue curve) has an efficiency advantage of approx. 10% over conventional H₂/Air FC systems (red curve)

ESI platform at PSI

- Siemens Electrolyser with H₂ and O₂ supply at 48 bar
- Cleaning and drying of gases, no compression required
- H₂ and O₂ Storage in steel cylinders
- Swiss Hydrogen FC system with 4 x 60 kW



Schematische Darstellung der ESI-Plattform. (Grafik: Paul Scherrer Institut)

H₂/O₂ fuel cell system for ESI



H₂/O₂ fuel cell system for ESI

Gas supply



Cooling system and gas preheating
using FC stack waste heat

4 x 60 kW FC stack

Modular interface
blocks with
integrated H₂ and
O₂ recirculation



FC stack manufacturing



Cleaning of bipolar plates

Leak test of sub-assemblies

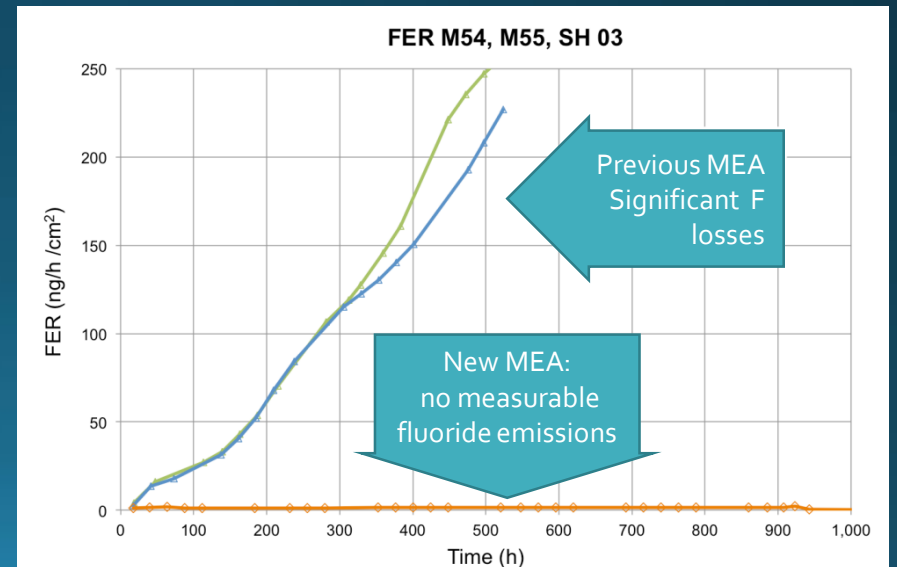
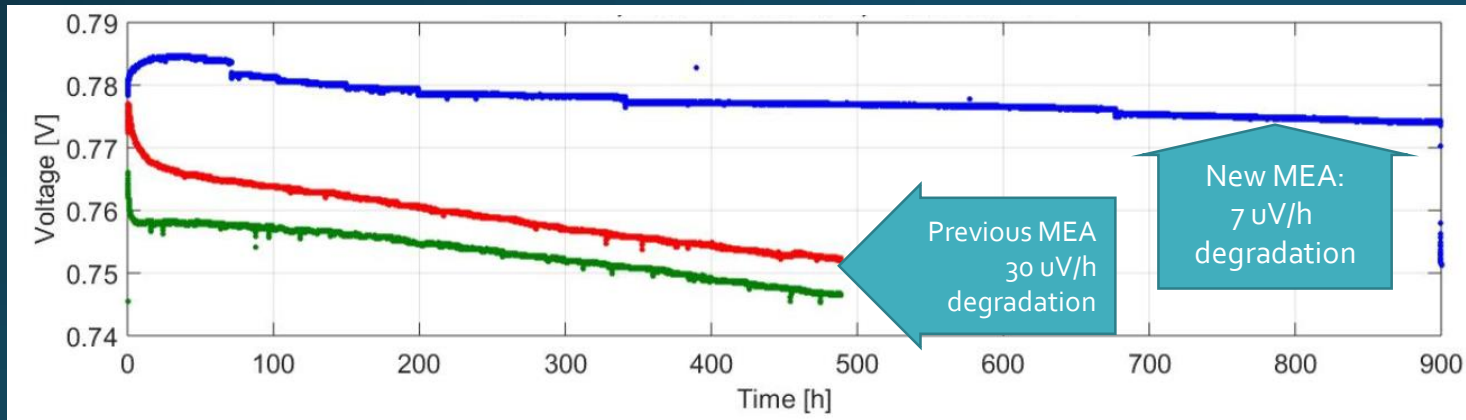
Stack assembly and compression



Assembly of FC system

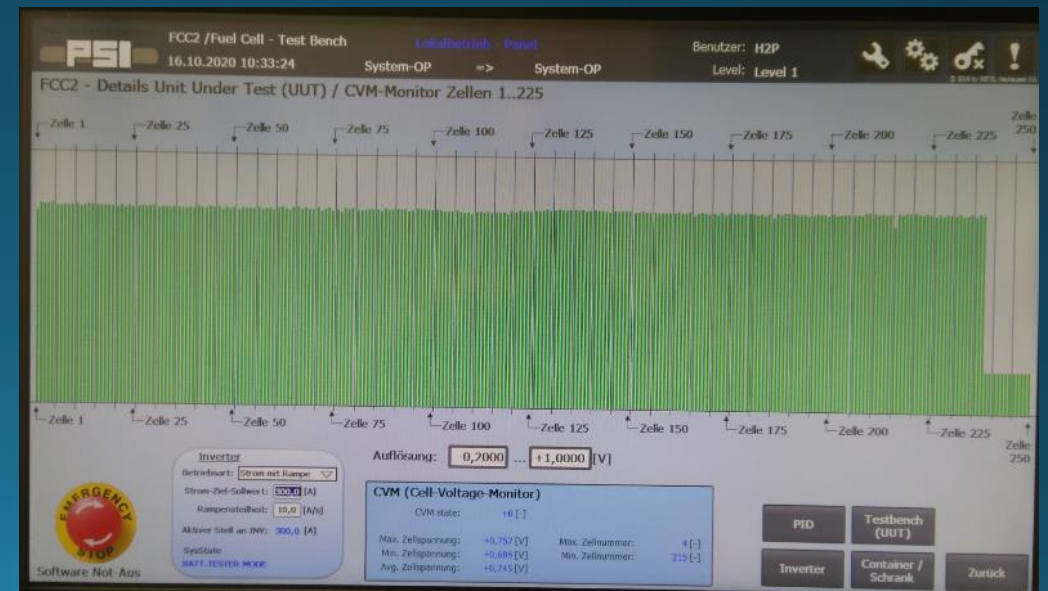
FC stack durability

- Specific H₂/O₂ MEA with improved membrane and catalyst stability
- Cyclic load tests carried out at PSI indicate a lifetime of > 10.000h
- No measurable fluoride emissions in product water -> stable membrane
- No degradation of graphite bipolar plates and seals observed

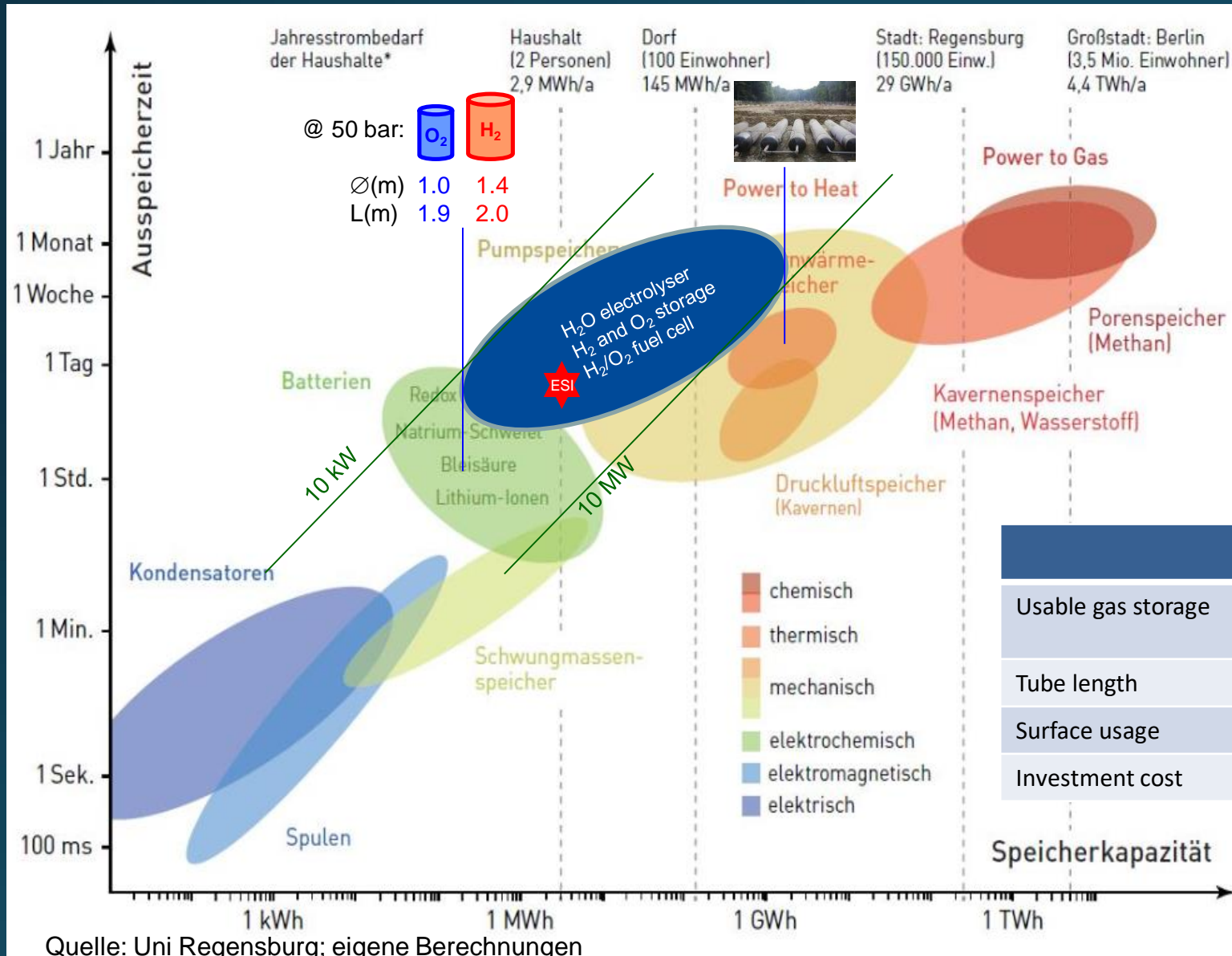


Challenges encountered during ESI project

- Insufficient recirculation of Hydrogen
 - > new ejector design developed
- Separation and elimination of liquid water
 - > water separator at cathode and anode outlet added
- Measurement of cell voltages
 - > measurement of blocks of 2 cells replaced by single cell measurement



H₂/O₂ fuel cell system for energy storage



Assumptions
 65% FC system efficiency
 Max. Pressure 100 bar
 Min. Pressure 7 bar
 Tube diameter 1.37 m ¹⁾



Comparison with CNG storage in Urdorf

	CNG Urdorf	H ₂ for 1 GWh _{el}	O ₂ for 1 GWh _{el}
Usable gas storage	700 000 Nm ³ ca. 7 GWh _{th}	510 000 Nm ³	255 000 Nm ³
Tube length	4100 m ¹⁾	4200 m	1800 m
Surface usage	210 x 50 m ¹⁾	e.g. 220 m x 50 m	e.g. 220 m x 20 m
Investment cost	16 - 25 MCHF ^{2), 3)}	if overall cost 30 MCHF -> 30 CHF/kWh _{el}	

¹⁾ www.erdgaszuerich-transport.ch/de/medien/mm-1142012-baustart-des-erdgas-roehrenspeichers-in-urdorf.html
²⁾ www.schiess-iti.ch/references.aspx?pid=82&rid=526
³⁾ www.jauslinstebler.ch/VGA/VEM/projekte/erdgas-roehrenspeicher-urdorf.html
 All other values: own calculation

Grid balancing service

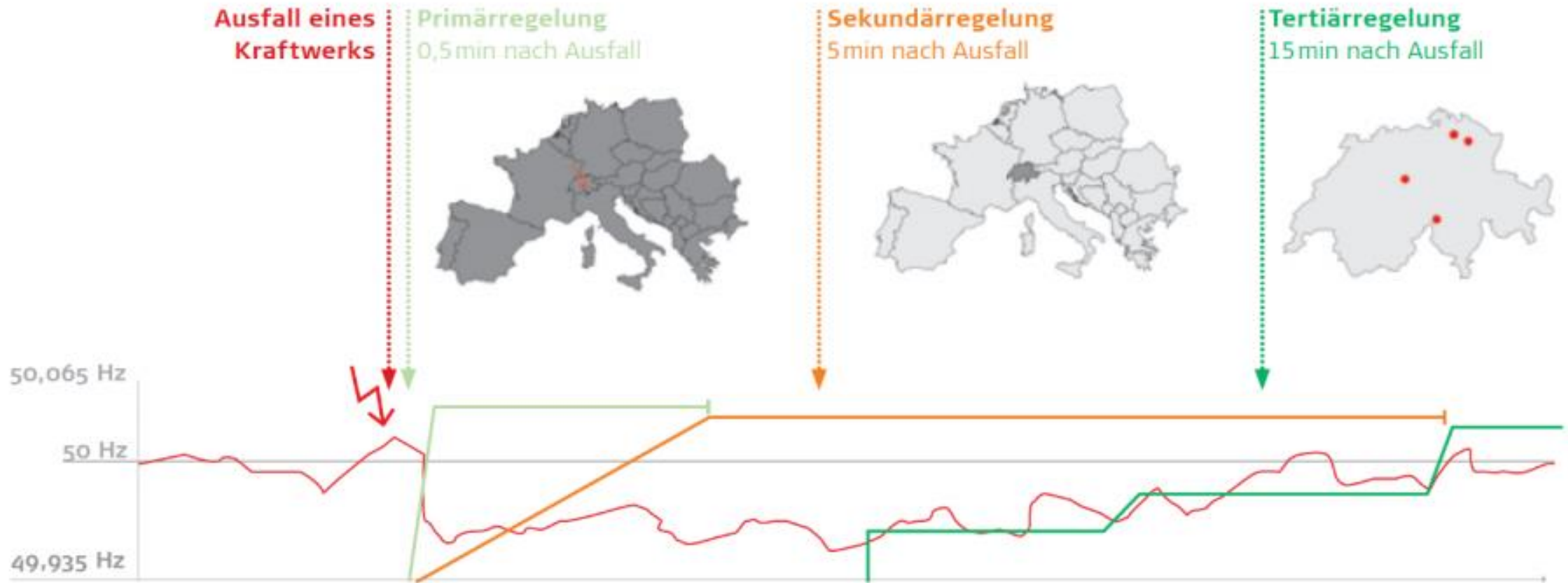
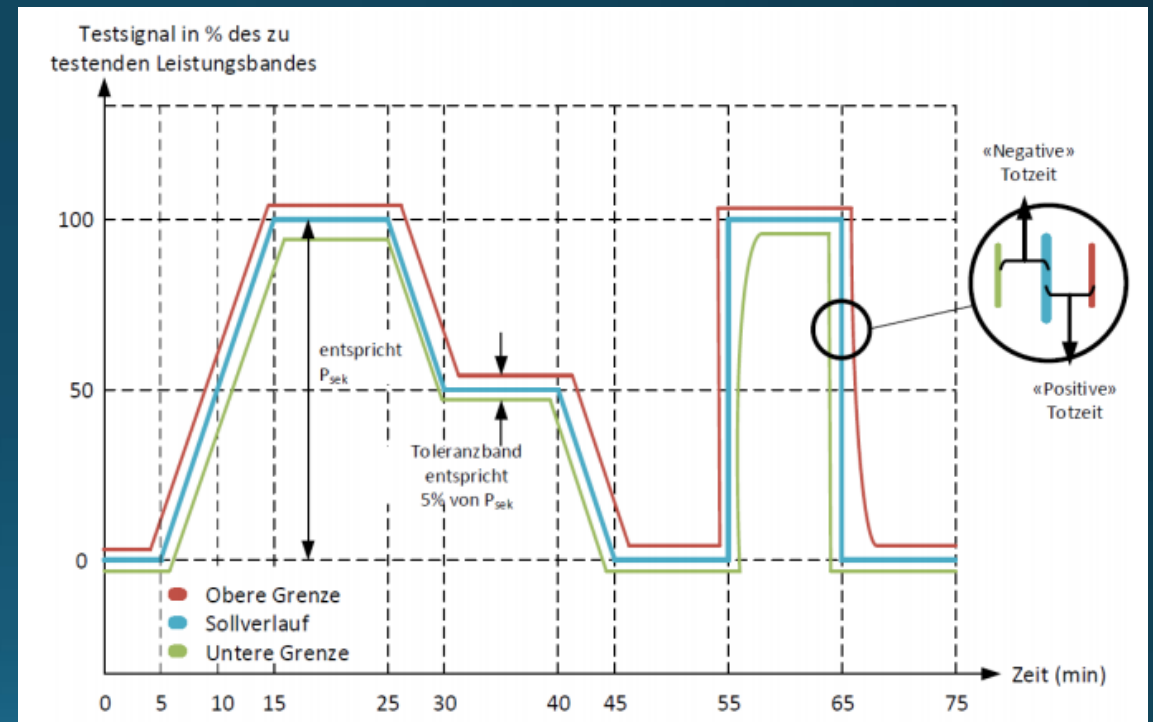


Abbildung 1: Schematischer Ablauf Regellenergieeinsatz, Quelle: Swissgrid

H₂/O₂ FC for balancing service

- FC stack allows high dynamic behaviour (0 to 100% within a few seconds) as long as the gas pressure on anode **and** cathode side can be assured
- Nominal power can be supplied as soon as the coolant temperature is adequate ($60^{\circ}\text{C} < T < 80^{\circ}\text{C}$). This can be reached within a few minutes.

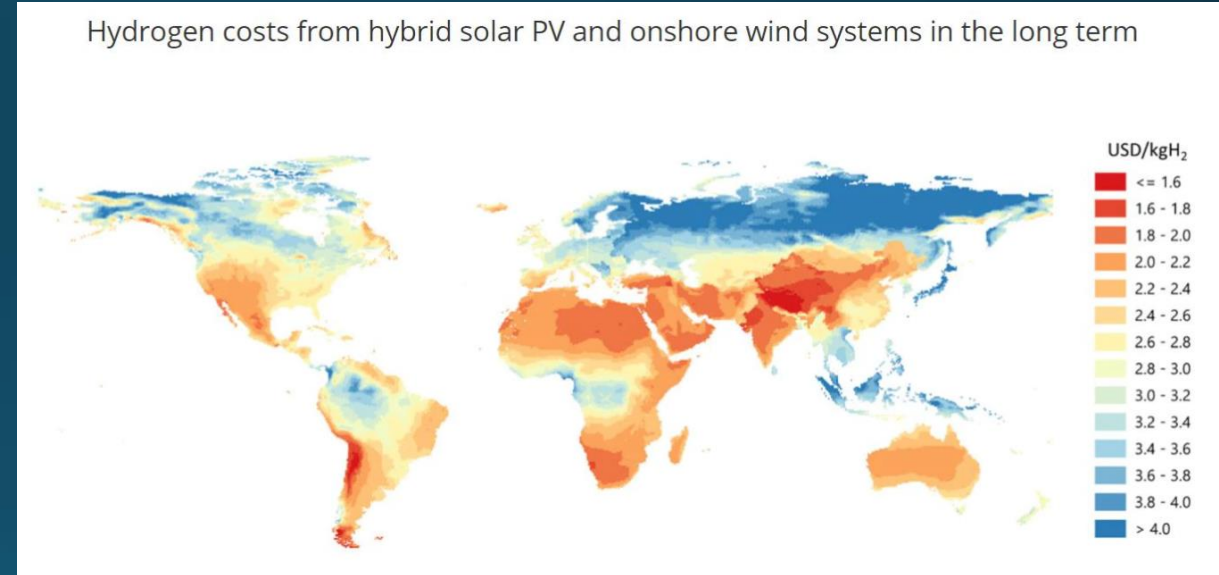


Tolerance band for secondary reserve according to Swissgrid

Cost estimation

Assumptions:

- System cost 200 € / kW
- Hydrogen cost 3 €/kg
- FC efficiency 60% (including electric conversion)
- Lifetime 20 years
- System size 5 MW
- Interest rate 3%
- Service cost 2% per year

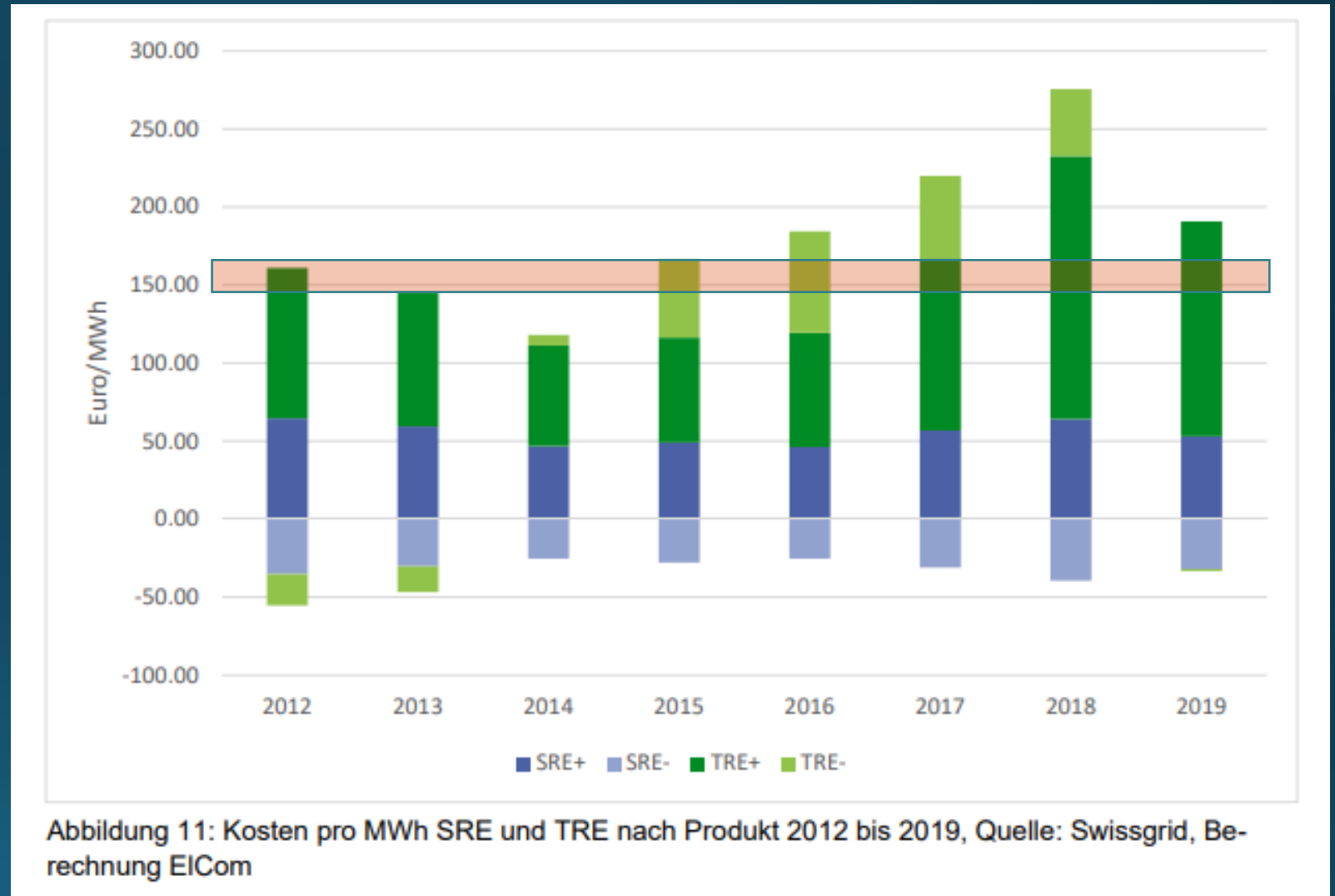


Source: IEA

<https://www.iea.org/reports/the-future-of-hydrogen>

Cost per MWh

The achievable cost per MWh is above the prices which have been achieved over the last years



Source: Regelleistung und Regelenergie 2019, Bericht der EICom
Cost span: own calculation

Cost per MW

The achievable cost per MW can be competitive for positive secondary reserve

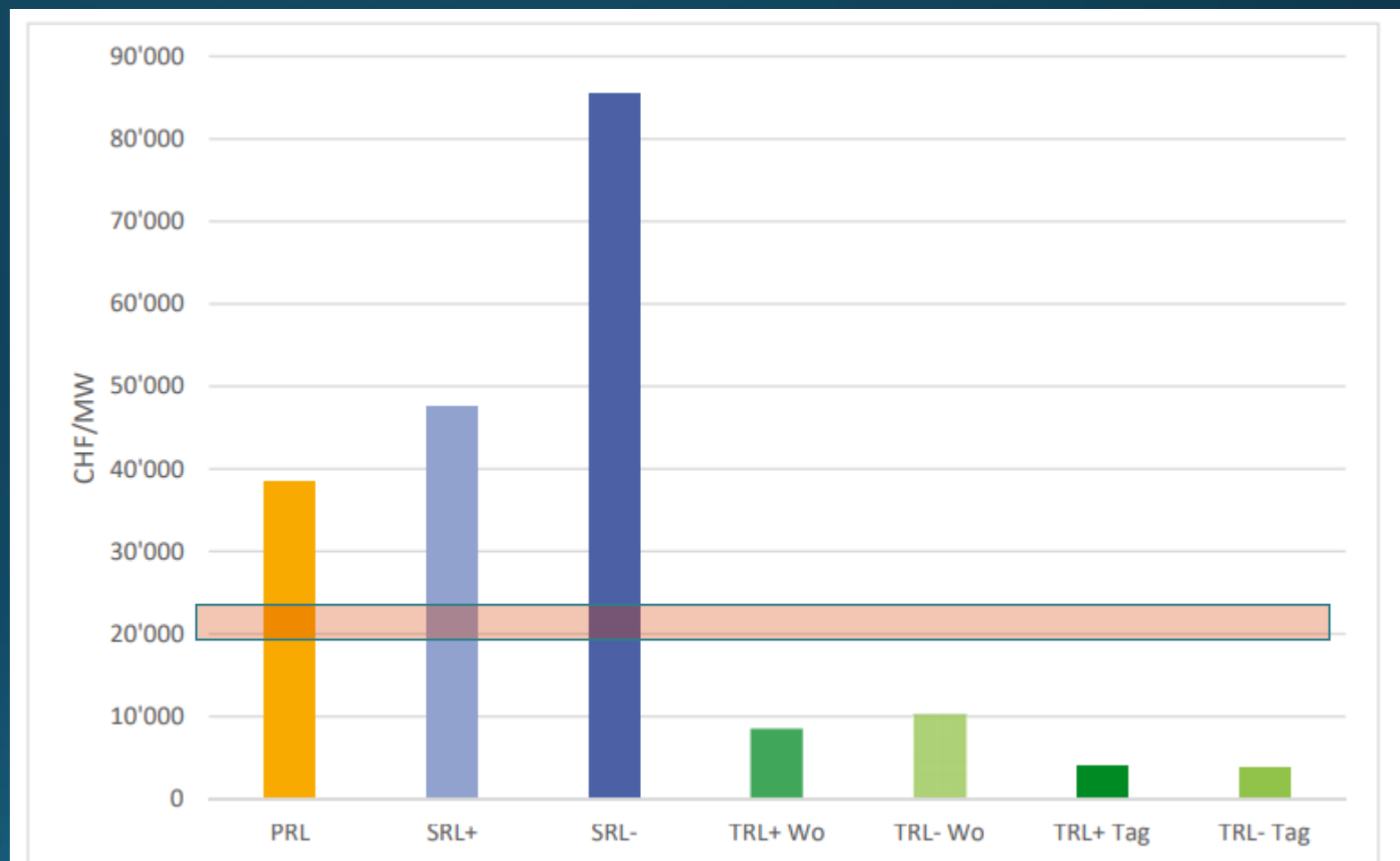


Abbildung 3: Kosten pro MW der Regelleistungsprodukte 2019, Quelle: Swissgrid, Berechnung ECom

Source: Regelleistung und Regelenergie 2019, Bericht der ECom
Cost span: own calculation

Summary

- PEM fuel cell systems with H₂/O₂ operation offer higher efficiency, reduced system complexity and a high lifetime potential
- A system with 4 x 60 kW is installed at the ESI platform at the Paul Scherrer Institute
- Long term energy storage and grid balancing with H₂/O₂ fuel cell systems is technically feasible
- Further cost reduction will be required to be competitive